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The Economics of Reputational Information

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What is Reputational Information?

- Reputational information = information about an actor's past performance that helps a decision-maker predict the actor's future performance
- Examples:

Unmediated	Mediated
 Word of mouth Recommendation letters and references Job evaluations and student evaluations 	 Credit scores Investment ratings (bonds, mutual funds) GPAs Product reviews and ratings (Amazon star ratings; Ratemyprofessor.com; Avvo; Ripoff Report; BBB) Voting systems? PageRank, Digg



Why Study Reputational Information?

- The market's invisible hand is predicated on consumers rewarding good producers and punishing poor ones
 - Reputational information = invisible hand of the invisible hand
- Hypotheses
 - #1: Anomalies in reputational information supply and demand hinders invisible hand
 - #2: Inconsistent regulation of reputational information should be examined for unwarranted dichotomies



Undersupply of Reputational Information?

- Concern: people have first-hand reputational information that remains nonpublic information
- Why?
 - Costs: time, vendor retribution, norms against public criticism, privacy, legal risks
 - Benefits: usually only psychic rewards (pulls towards love it or hate it)
- Consequence: invisible hand lacks enough information to work properly?
- Possible Solutions:
 - Make consumer adoptions/defections public information
 - Increase channels for anonymous dissemination of reputational information
 - Recalibrate legal consequences of sharing reputational information
 - Make it harder for plaintiffs
 - Give potential defendants more tools to counterattack bogus threats
 - Protect intermediaries facilitating production of reputational information
 - Government funding of reputational information production

