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Death of the Initial Interest Confusion Doctrine?

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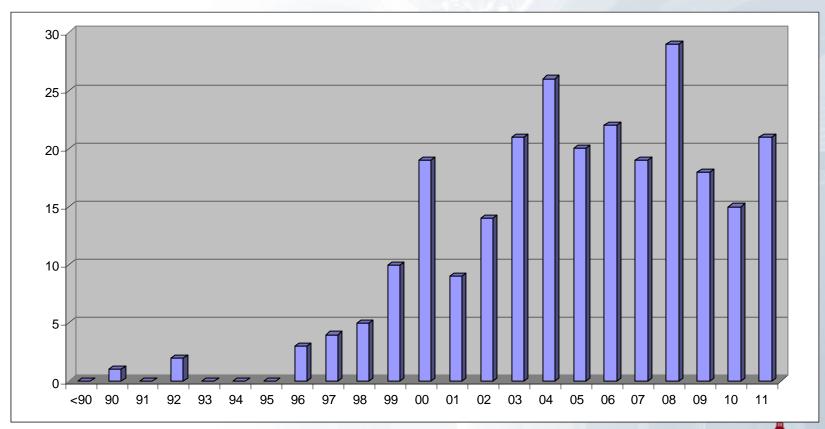


Why Academics Hate the IIC Doctrine

- No well-accepted definition
 - Covers certain types of "pre-sale" confusion
 - Brookfield: "use of another's trademark in a manner reasonably calculated to capture initial consumer attention, even though no actual sale is finally completed as a result of the confusion"
 - Circuits disagree if the doctrine even exists
 - Difficult to disprove
- Pushes trademark analysis too early into the consumer search process
 - consumers experiencing IIC suffer no harm
- Doesn't improve judicial decision-making
 - Courts aren't sure how it interacts with the LOCC test
 - It rarely changes a case's results



"Initial Interest Confusion" in Westlaw Cases



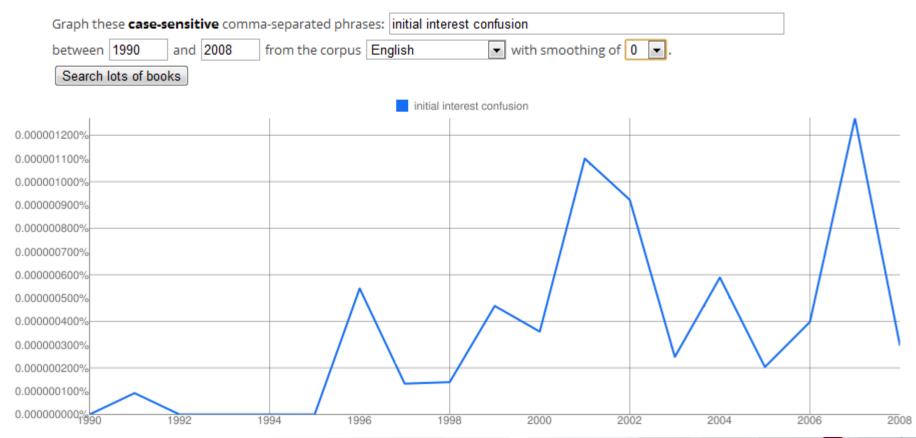


IIC Cases 2009-2011

- 55 cases total. IIC "found" in ~9 cases
 - Domain name cases (Teachbook, Compak, Airfloat, Monex, Trehan)
 - Keyword ad cases (Pillow Pets, Morningware)
 - Trade dress cases (Wolf/Viking, RE/MAX)
- Implications
 - Often pled, rarely successful
 - When successful, usually plaintiff is going to win anyway
 - Doctrine increases everyone's costs with low incremental benefit
- Q: How do we declare a common law doctrinal experiment a "failure"?



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